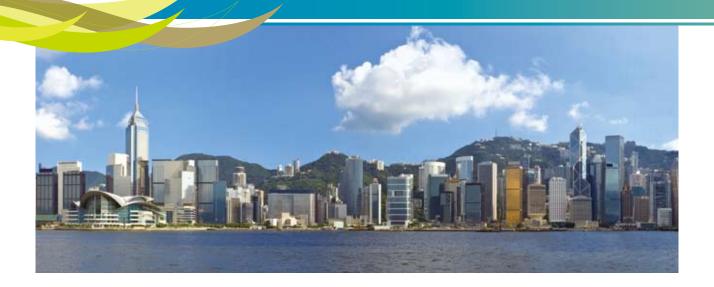
Revenue



In 2007, the Hong Kong economy registered a strong growth. IRD in 2007–08 broke its record once again. The prospering economy brought about a significant growth in business profits and a general increase in salary income. The stock market was particularly active and the property market was gradually blooming. Earnings and profits tax collections and stamp duty collections surged by \$18.4 billion and \$26.5 billion respectively, representing an increase of 16% and 106% compared with the previous year (Figure 1, Schedules 1 and 2).

Figure 1 Revenue collected by tax type

| Type of tax | 2004-05 (\$m) | 2005-06 (\$m) | 2006-07 (\$m) | 2007–08 (\$m) |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Profits tax – | | | | |
| Corporations | 52,562.2 | 65,586.1 | 65,499.6 | 86,775.6 |
| Unincorporated businesses | 6,077.5 | 4,210.4 | 6,419.4 | 4,647.1 |
| Salaries tax | 33,990.5 | 37,493.9 | 38,585.6 | 37,479.5 |
| Property tax | 1,115.6 | 1,267.1 | 1,247.4 | 1,240.6 |
| Personal assessment | 2,963.4 | 3,193.9 | 3,565.6 | 3,586.6 |
| Total earnings & profits tax | 96,709.2 | 111,751.4 | 115,317.6 | 133,729.4 |
| Estate duty | 1,468.4 | 1,675.7 | 777.7 | 353.4 |
| Stamp duty | 15,851.4 | 17,867.2 | 25,076.6 | 51,549.1 |
| Betting duty | 12,057.2 | 11,938.1 | 12,047.4 | 13,048.4 |
| Business registration fees | 1,348.7 | 1,478.8 | 1,497.9 | 1,565.8 |
| Hotel accommodation tax | 247.4 | 310.0 | 384.2 | 450.4 |
| Total revenue collected | 127,682.3 | 145,021.2 | 155,101.4 | 200,696.5 |
| % change over previous year | 20.2% | 13.6% | 7.0% | 29.4% |

The revenue collected by the Department during 2007–08 is close to 65.5% of the Government General Revenue (**Figure 2**). This represents an increase of \$45.6 billion or 29.4%, from that collected in the previous year. Profits tax contributed the largest part of the total revenue collected. The stamp duty

collection recorded a significant growth of more than 100% and became the second largest type of revenue collected. The revenue collected from profits tax and stamp duty accounted for 71.3% of total revenue collected (Figure 3).

Figure 2 Government General Revenue

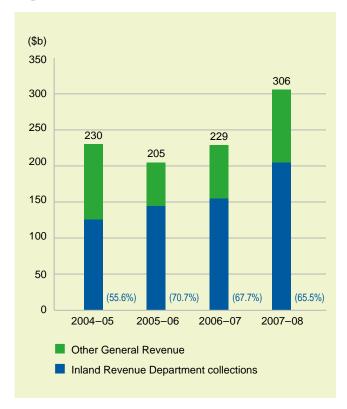


Figure 3 Composition of the revenue collection

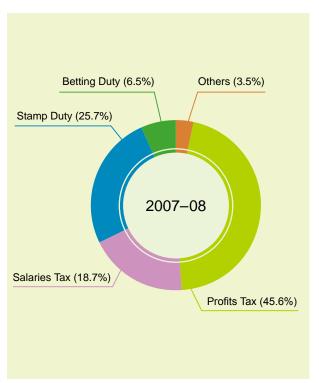
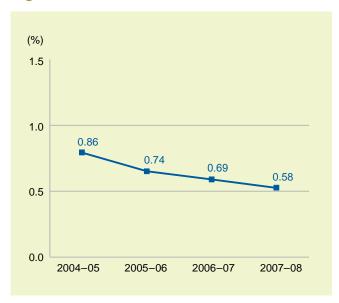


Figure 4 Cost of collection



With material productivity savings and an increase in revenue collections during the year, the cost of collection of revenue decreased from 0.69% to 0.58% (Figure 4).